

### 1.1 GENERAL

The Contractor shall furnish and install all wires and cables along with the accessories as specified herein, in Bill of Quantities and Drawings. Apart from the material specified, the Contractor shall provide, the necessary material for termination or fixing of wires and cables such as lugs, solder, supports, bushes, brass and PVC glands for a complete wiring installation. Miscellaneous materials, like filling compound, identification tags, markers and earthing strips shall be furnished for completion of works in accordance with the best engineering standards and practices. The wiring installation shall be carried out in strict accordance with the scheme, cable sizes and circuit details shown on the drawings or as specified. The contractor is to produce purchase certificate from recommended manufacturers.

### 1.2 L.V. CABLES AND WIRING

Cable and conductors shall be PVC insulated, PVC sheathed with copper conductors, single / multi-core, unarmored 450/750 volts grade for light and socket circuits and 600/1000 grade for motor power circuits, to BS 6004 and BS 6346.

The neutral and phase conductors shall be colored black and red/yellow/blue respectively. The circuit protective conductors shall be of green having same cross-sectional area as that of phase and neutral upto 16 sqmm or as specified in BOQ and drawings.

Each circuit shall have its own separate neutral, and the "looping in" system for wiring shall be used. Joints shall be made at main switches, distribution boards and panels, sockets outlets, light fan points and switch boxes only; no joints shall be made in joint boxes, nor will any "through joints" be allowed.

PVC/PVC 3-core flexible cords, shall be used for connection to the luminaries and fixtures from the ceiling rose/outlet box, through 3-terminal PVC connectors. Soldered or crimped tinned copper lugs, shall be used on the termination of cables and conductors 10sq.mm and larger. All multi-core cables shall be provided with compression glands, of the correct size and type, at panel entry positions.

### 1.3 INSTALLATION

The wiring through exposed or concealed conduit shall be started only after the conduit system is completely installed and all junction boxes, outlet boxes, switch boards, etc. have been fixed in proper position. For outdoor installation, where specified the cables shall be run direct in ground or in pipes as specified. The cables shall be pulled through conduit or pipes with care to prevent any damage to cables. To facilitate pulling, lubrication only as recommended by cable manufacturer may be used for decreasing friction. Under no circumstances shall oil or soap be used for cable pulling. Where several wires are to occupy the conduit or pipes they shall be pulled along together with earth continuity conductor. In general, the wires shall not be bend to radius less than ten times the overall diameter of the wire, or as otherwise recommended by cable manufacturer. The contractor shall furnish all installation material and labor for installation, testing and commissioning of cable system.

The wiring to power circuit and 15 amperes single phase socket outlet shall be run in conduit separate from light wiring conduits. Care shall be taken to ensure that all phase conductors are connected to the proper terminals and correct phase sequence is maintained. Wherever the size of conduit is not stated on drawings, it shall be in accordance with the Table based on I.E.E. Regulations.

The wires or cables shall be terminated at light points, switchboard, etc. such that the insulation is always led into the equipment to which connection is made. The cable entry hole in equipment shall be such as not to damage the cable. Inside the switchboards or control boards, the wires or cables shall be securely fanned out in a neat arrangement and laced with wax cord. The wires of